

Systematic Review

# Breast Carcinoma within Fibroadenoma: A Systematic Review

Abdulwahid M. Salih<sup>1\*</sup>, Lana R.A. Pshtiwan<sup>1</sup>, Mohammed Gh. Hamasaeed<sup>1</sup>, Sami S. Omar<sup>2</sup>, Shaban Latif<sup>1</sup>, Shadi H. Sidiq<sup>3</sup>, Bushra O. Hussein<sup>1</sup>, Hunar A. Hassan<sup>4</sup>, Diyar A. Omar<sup>5</sup>, Sarhang S. Abdalla<sup>1</sup>, Hemn A. Hassan<sup>4</sup>, Yousif M. Mahmood<sup>1</sup>, Marwan N. Hassan<sup>1</sup>, Dahat A. Hussein<sup>6</sup>, Sasan M. Ahmed<sup>7</sup>, Hiwa O. Abdullah<sup>6</sup>, Berun A. Abdalla<sup>8</sup>

- 1. Scientific Affairs Department, Smart Health Tower, Madam Mitterrand Street, Sulaymaniyah, Iraq
- 2. Rizgary Oncology Center, Peshawa Qazi Street, Erbil, Iraq
- 3. Department of Nursing, Raparin Technical and Vocational Institute, Rania, Iraq
- 4. Kscien Organization for Scientific Rsearch (Middle East Office), Hamid Street, Azadi Mall, Sulaymaniyah, Iraq
- 5. Medical Laboratory Technology, Shaqlawa Technical College, Erbil Polytechnic University, Erbil, Iraq
- 6. Department of Biology, College of Science, University of Sulaimani, Sulaymaniyah, Iraq
- 7. Department of Family and Community Medicine, College of Medicine, University of Sulaimani, Sulaymaniyah, Iraq
- 8. Department of Biology, College of Education, University of Sulaimani, Madam Mitterrand Street, Sulaymaniyah, Iraq

\* Corresponding author: <u>A.salih@smartglobalholding.co.uk</u> (A.M. Salih). Ablagh, House number 80, Zip code: 46001, Sulaymaniyah, Iraq

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# Abstract

## Introduction

Fibroadenoma is the most common benign breast lesion; however, it carries a potential risk of malignant transformation. This systematic review provides an overview of the presentation, management, and outcome of carcinomas arising within fibroadenomas.

## Methods

A systematic search on Google Scholar was conducted for English-language studies on breast carcinoma within fibroadenomas. Studies on fibroadenomas with no malignant components, review articles, pre-prints, incomplete data, and those published in suspicious journals were excluded.

#### Results

On ultrasonography, 28 masses (36.8%) appeared benign, and 20 (26.3%) were suspicious, with ultrasonographic data unavailable for the remaining tumors (36.8%). Mammography data were available for 50 tumors, revealing 27 benign lesions (54%) and 23 suspicious lesions (46%). Among the 17 lesions with available magnetic resonance imaging data, five were benign lesions (29.4%), and 12 were suspicious (70.6%). Cytology evaluation among 46 tumors revealed that 20 (43.5%) were benign, 24 (52.2%) were malignant, and two (4.3%) were suspicious. The most commonly performed surgery was wide local excision (50.7%), followed by mastectomy (32.9%). On histopathology, 11 tumors exhibited more than one pathology. Ductal carcinoma in situ was the most frequent finding (40.8%), followed by invasive ductal carcinoma (28.9%) and lobular carcinoma in situ (28.4%). Recurrence was observed in one case (1.4%), and metastasis occurred in two cases (2.8%).

## Conclusion

Although rare, carcinomas arising within fibroadenomas may present considerable challenges in preoperative diagnosis, whether through imaging or cytology. Therefore, clinicians may find it necessary to approach fibroadenomas with increased caution.

# 1. Introduction

Fibroadenoma is the most common benign breast lesion comprising epithelial and stromal components [1,2]. The tumor generally manifests as a hyperplastic breast lobule, presenting as a solitary mass during a woman's early reproductive years, with the peak incidence occurring in the second and third decades of life [3,4]. Estrogen, progesterone, pregnancy, and lactation are believed to stimulate tumor growth, although it tends to shrink during menopause as estrogen levels decline [3]. Incidence rates range from 7% to 13% in the general population, with up to 20% of cases presenting with bilateral or multiple masses [3]. Clinically, fibroadenoma presents as a palpable, mobile, solid mass with a rubbery consistency and smooth, well-defined borders [5]. It is radiologically and histologically classified into simple and complex types [2]. The tumor may exceed 3 mm in size, be associated with sclerosing adenosis or epithelial calcifications, and potentially give rise to carcinomas that can invade the surrounding breast tissue. Although cases of fibroadenomas containing malignancies are rare, malignancy tends to occur more frequently in patients 10 to 20 years older than the typical age for simple fibroadenomas [2,6]. Carcinomas within fibroadenomas are most commonly carcinoma in situ (CIS) [7,8]. Invasive carcinomas, though less common, can occur, with invasive ductal carcinoma (IDC) and invasive lobular carcinoma (ILC) being the primary forms [6]. Carcinomas in situ signal an increased risk of developing invasive cancer if left untreated, and neoplasms arising within fibroadenomas behave similarly to those occurring independently [9]. This systematic review provides an overview of the presentation, management, and outcome of carcinomas arising within fibroadenomas.

# 2. Methods

## 2.1. Study design

This systematic review followed the Preferred Reporting Items for Systematic Reviews and Meta-Analyses (PRISMA) guidelines.

## 2.2. Data sources and search strategy

A systematic search on Google Scholar was undertaken to identify relevant English-language studies on breast carcinoma within fibroadenoma. The search strategy employed a combination of keywords, including "fibroadenoma" with terms such as (carcinoma, cancer, malignancy, malignant, carcinoma in situ, lobular carcinoma in situ (LCIS), and ductal carcinoma in situ (DCIS).

## 2.3. Eligibility criteria

The inclusion criteria were limited to studies specifically addressing breast carcinoma within fibroadenoma. Studies on fibroadenomas with no malignant components, review articles, pre-prints, incomplete data, and those published in suspicious journals were excluded [10].

## 2.4. Study selection and data extraction

Two authors independently reviewed the titles and abstracts of the identified publications. Following this, the same two authors assessed the full texts of the remaining studies based on predefined inclusion and exclusion criteria. The extracted data included the first author's name, the country of publication, study design, patient demographics, clinical presentation, physical examination findings, imaging and cytology findings, treatment strategies, and disease prognosis.

## 2.5. Data analysis

Microsoft Excel (2019) was employed to collect and organize the extracted data, while data analysis (descriptive statistics) was performed using the Statistical Package for Social Sciences (SPSS), version 27.0. The results are presented as frequencies, percentages, ranges, mean with standard deviation, and medians with quartile ranges.

# 3. Results

#### 3.1. Study selection and characteristics

A total of 317 studies were identified from the search. Thirty-six studies were excluded due to duplication (n=5) and non-English language publications (n=31). This left 281 studies for title and abstract screening. At this stage, 202 studies were excluded due to irrelevancy. As a result, 79 studies advanced to the full-text screening stage. At this point, nine studies were excluded for being meta-analyses (n=2), reviews (n=2), publications with incomplete data (n=1), and pre-prints (n=4). Nine of the remaining 70 studies were excluded for failing to meet eligibility criteria as they were published in suspicious journals [10]. Ultimately, 61 studies [1-9,11-62], encompassing 72 cases, were included (Figure 1). Most of the studies were affiliated with Japan (19.7%) and the USA (14.7%) (Table 1). The raw data of the study has been presented in Tables 1-6.

## 3.2. Patients and tumor characteristics

The total number of patients was 72 females, with a mean age of  $44.4 \pm 13.6$  years. Most patients presented with either a breast lump (43.1%) or a mass (30.5%), with a median presentation duration of 12 months. In 80.6% of cases, the disease was unilateral, with laterality distributed almost equally between the right side (42.1%) and the left (39.5%). The mean tumor size was  $24.7 \pm 13.3$  millimeters. The past medical history was negative in 27.8% of cases, while seven cases (9.7%) had a positive history of other breast diseases, including breast mass in four cases and DCIS, fibrocystic breast disease, and IDC per case. The family history of breast cancer was positive in four cases (5.5%). On physical examination, information about the tumor surface was available for nine tumors (11.8%), all of which had a smooth surface. Of the 22 tumors with available data on consistency, 14 (63.6%) were firm, five (22.7%) were hard, and three (13.6%) were rubbery. Among the 28 tumors with existing mobility data, 25 (89.3%) were found to be mobile. Axillary lymphadenopathy was reported in four tumors (5.3%). On ultrasonography, 28 masses appeared benign (36.8%), and 20 cases were suspicious (26.3%), with ultrasonographic data unavailable for the remaining tumors (36.8%). Mammography

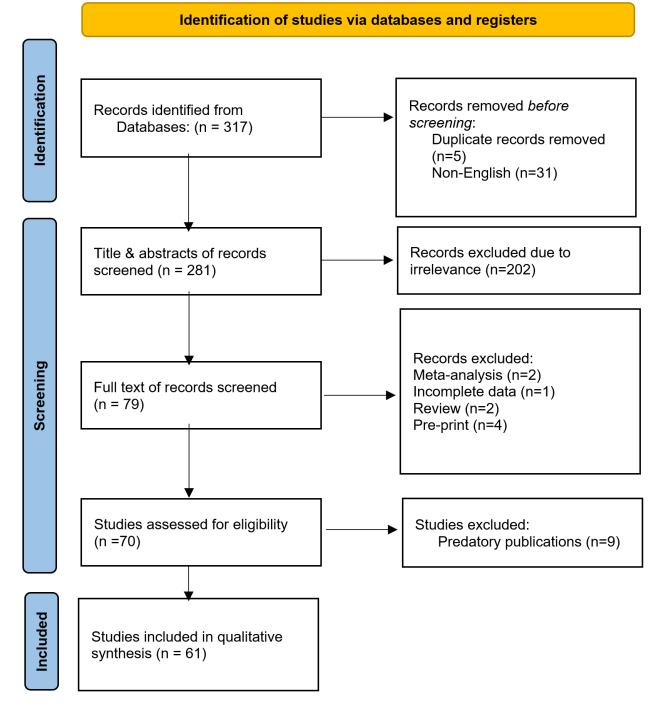


Figure 1. Study selection PRISMA flow chart.

data were available for 50 tumors, revealing 27 benign lesions (54%) and 23 suspicious lesions (46%). Among the 17 lesions with available magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) data, five were benign lesions (29.4%), and 12 were suspicious (70.6%). Core needle biopsy (CNB) or fine needle aspiration cytology (FNAC) revealed that 20 tumors (26.3%) were benign, 24 (31.6%) were malignant, and two (2.6%) were suspicious. The data on preoperative diagnosis was unavailable for 30 cases (39.5%). (Table 7)

#### 3.3. Management and outcome

The most commonly performed surgery was wide local excision (50.7%), followed by mastectomy (32.9%). Axillary lymph node dissection was carried out in 43.9% of cases. A total of 11 cases (15.3%) received chemotherapy, 16 cases (22.2%) underwent radiotherapy, and hormonal therapy was prescribed for 20 cases (27.8%). On histopathological examination, 11 tumors exhibited more than one pathology. DCIS was the most frequent finding (40.8%), followed by IDC (28.9%) and LCIS

Author /Year [reference]	Study design	No. of included case(s)	Country
Ni et al./2023 [14]	Case report	1	China
Brunetti et al./2023 [4]	Case report	1	Italy
Wang et al./2022 [5]	Case report	1	Singapore
Pang et al./2022 [2]	Case report	1	Malaysia
Hammood et al./2022 [3]	Case report	1	Iraq
Tagliati et al./2021 [1]	Case report	1	Italy
Shojaku et al./2021 [6]	Case report	1	Japan
Fujimoto et al./2021 [11]	Case report	1	Japan
Feijó et al./2021[8]	Case report	1	Brazil
Shiino et al./2020 [12]	Case report	1	Japan
Moreno et al./2020 [17]	Case report	1	Brazil
Gonthong et al./2020 [13]	Case report	1	Thailand
El-Essawy et al./2020 [18]	Case report	1	KSA
Brock et al./2020 [9]	Case report	1	USA
Marumoto et al./2019 [16]	Case report	1	USA
Zeeshan et al./2018 [19]	Case report	1	Pakistan
Tiwari et al./2018 [15]	Case report	1	India
Frisch et al./2018 [7]	Case report	1	South Africa
Lim et al./2017 [20]	Case report	1	Korea
You et al./2016 [21]	Case report	1	Korea
Zheng et al./2015 [22]	Case report	1	China
Hua et al./2015 [23]	Case report	1	China
Wu et al./2014 [24]	Case series	6	Taiwan
Mele et al./2014 [25]	Case report	1	Denmark
Limite et al./2014 [26]	Case report	1	Italy
Kwon et al./2014 [27]	Case report	1	Korea
Kılıç et al./2014 [28]	Case report	1	Turkey
Dandin et al./2014 [29]	Case report	1	Turkey
Buteau et al./2014 [30]	Case report	1	USA
Hayes et al./2013 [31]	Case report	1	Ireland
Jahan et al./2012 [32]	Case report	1	Bangladesh
Butler et al./2012 [33]	Case report	1	USA
Ooe et al./2011 [34]	Case report	1	Japan
Lin et al./2011 [35]	Case report		Taiwan
Kato et al./2011 [36]	Case report		Japan
Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]	Case report		Israel
Rao et al./ 2010 [38]	Case report		India
Petersson et al./2010 [39]	Case report		Singapore
Tajima et al./2009 [40]	Case report		Japan
Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]	Case report	1	Kosova
Borecky et al./2008 [42]	Case series	3	Australia
Tiu et al./2006 [43]	Case report	1	Taiwan
Shin et al./2006 [44]	Case report		Korea
Blanco et al./2005 [45]	Case report	1	USA
Abite et al./2005 [46]	Case report		Nigeria
Stafyla et al./2004 [47]	Case report	1	Greece
Abe et al./ 2004 [48]	Case report	1	Japan
Adelekan et al./2003 [49]	Case report	1	UK
	cuse report	1	UK

# **Table 1.** The distribution of the reported cases among countries.

Table 1. Continued....

Yano et al./2001 [50]	Case report	1	Japan
Gebrim et al./2000 [51]	Case report	1	Brazil
Psarianos et al./1998 [52]	Case report	1	Australia
Shah et al./ 1998 [53]	Case report	1	USA
Kurosum et al./1994 [54]	Case report	1	Japan
Morimoto et al./1993 [55]	Case report	1	Japan
Gupta et al./1992 [56]	Case report	1	New Zealand
Gupta et al./1991 [57]	Case report	1	New Zealand
Fukud et al./1989 [58]	Case report	1	Japan
Yoshida et al./1985 [59]	Case report	1	Japan
Fond et al./1979 [60]	Case report	1	USA
Konakry et a./1975 [61]	Case series	5	USA
Durso et al./1972 [62]	Case report	1	USA

(28.4%). Immunohistochemical analysis showed that 20 out of 40 tumors (50%) were positive for both estrogen (ER) and progesterone receptors (PR). Of the 39 tumors with reported axillary status, 82.1% had negative axillary findings. The median follow-up period was 24 months, with quartile ranges of 10 to 36 months. Recurrence was observed in one case (1.4%), and metastasis occurred in two cases (2.8%) (Table 7)

# 4. Discussion

Carcinomas and high-risk lesions within fibroadenomas can either originate from the fibroadenoma itself and remain entirely encapsulated, or they can involve both the fibroadenoma and the adjacent breast tissue [2]. While rare, a small percentage of fibroadenomas may contain carcinomas or high-risk lesions, with reported incidence rates ranging from 0.002% to 0.125%. Fibroadenomas with malignant components are primarily found in patients 10 to 20 years older than the typical age for simple fibroadenomas [2]. In this systematic review, the mean age of affected patients was 44.4 years, further highlighting the trend of malignancies occurring in later decades of life.

The role of fibroadenomas as a potential risk factor for breast cancer is still not fully established [8]. It has been suggested that they may represent a long-term risk factor for breast cancer, particularly in women with complex fibroadenomas, proliferative disease, or a family history of breast cancer. Specifically, complex fibroadenomas are associated with a relative breast cancer risk that is approximately 3.10 times greater [6]. Another significant indicator of potential malignant transformation in fibroadenomas is the progressive mass size and thickness increase with advancing patient age [3]. A study has reported that the average tumor diameter of breast cancer occurring within a fibroadenoma is 2.46 cm [11]. Similarly, the mean tumor size in this systematic review was  $2.47 \pm 13.3$  cm.

Frisch et al. reported that the predominant form of malignancy associated with breast cancer arising in fibroadenomas was CIS, with LCIS accounting for 66.9% and DCIS comprising 12.4%. Additionally, IDCs were more frequent among the invasive cases than ILCs [7]. Conversely, another study found that ductal and lobular carcinomas occur with equal frequency [6]. In this study, the distribution of malignancies within fibroadenomas

Table 2. I attent demography	, and about of ph	esentation,	und moulour motory	,			
First Author /Year	Age (years)	Gender	Presentation	Laterality	Duration (months)	РМН	FHx of breast cancer
Ni et al./2023 [14]	60	F	Mass	UL	12	NN	Neg.
Brunetti et al./2023 [4]	35	F	Lump	UL	NA	NN	FDR
Wang et al./2022 [5]	26	F	Lump	UL	72	NN	NA
Pang et al./2022 [2]	43	F	Nipple discharge	UL	NA	BM	Neg.
Hammood et al./2022 [3]	49	F	Lump	UL	60	BM	Neg.
Tagliati et al./2021 [1]	49	F	Lump	UL	NA	NA	Neg.
Shojaku et al./2021 [6]	61	F	Mass	UL	60	NN	Neg.
Fujimoto et al./2021 [11]	31	F	Mass	UL	12	NN	Neg.
Feijó et al./2021[8]	31	F	Lump	UL	48	NA	Neg.
Shiino et al./2020 [12]	53	F	Lump	UL	156	NA	NA
Moreno et al./2020 [17]	58	F	Lump	UL	NA	NA	NA
Gonthong et al./2020 [13]	38	F	Mass	UL	NA	IDC	NA
El-Essawy et al./2020 [18]	25	F	Mass	UL	1	MBBM	Neg.
Brock et al./2020 [9]	27	F	Lump	UL	4	FBD	NA
Marumoto et al./2019 [16]	70	F	Mass	UL	NA	NA	Neg.
Zeeshan et al./2018 [19]	34	F	Lump	UL	12	NN	NA
Tiwari et al./2018 [15]	28	F	Lump	BL	96	NN	Neg.
Frisch et al./2018 [7]	18	F	Lump	UL	48	NN	Neg.
Lim et al./2017 [20]	20	F	Nodule	UL	NA	NN	Neg.
You et al./2016 [21]	38	F	Incidental	UL	NA	NA	Neg.
Zheng et al./2015 [22]	48	F	Lump	BL	NA	NA	NA
Hua et al./2015 [23]	44	F	Lump	BL	12	NA	NA
	39	F	NA	NA	24	NA	NA
	31	F	NA	NA	84	NA	NA
Wu et al./2014 [24]	30	F	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	63	F	NA	NA	0.5	NA	NA
	48	F	NA	NA	3	NA	NA
	40	F	NA	NA	0	NA	NA
Mele et al./2014 [25]	63	F	NA	UL	NA	NA	Pos.
Limite et al./2014 [26]	26	F	Lump	UL	NA	NA	Neg.
Kwon et al./2014 [27]	20	F	Lump	BL	1	NN	Neg.
Kılıç et al./2014 [28]	30	F	Mass	UL	NA	NA	Neg.
Dandin et al./2014 [29]	35	F	Mass	UL	1.5	NN	Neg.
Buteau et al./2014 [30]	59	F	Mass	UL	36	NN	Neg.
Hayes et al./2013 [31]	51	F	Incidental	NA	NA	NA	NA
Jahan et al./2012 [32]	55	F	Lump	BL	240	NA	NA
Butler et al./2012 [33]	46	F	Mass	NA	60	NA	NA
Ooe et al./2011 [34]	46	F	Lump	UL	60	NN	Neg.
Lin et al./2011 [35]	34	F	Lump	UL	NA	NN	Neg.
Kato et al./2011 [36]	42	F	Mass	UL	NA	NA	NA
Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]	69	F	Mass	UL	168	NA	FDR
Rao et al./ 2010 [38]	30	F	Lump	UL	1	NN	Neg.
Petersson et al./2010 [39]	49	F	Incidental	UL	48	NA	NA
Tajima et al./2009 [40]	60	F	Mass	UL	3	NA	NA
Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]	39	F	Lump	UL	2	NA	Neg.
	64	F	Mass	UL	NA	NA	NA
Borecky et al./2008 [42]	80	F	Lump	UL	600	NA	NA
	53	F	NA	UL	NA	NA	NA

# Table 2. Patient demography, disease presentation, and medical history

Table 2. Continued							
Tiu et al./2006 [43]	45	F	Lump	UL	60	NN	NA
Shin et al./2006 [44]	51	F	Mass	UL	12	NN	Neg.
Blanco et al./2005 [45]	63	F	Mass	UL	60	NN	Neg.
Abite et al./2005 [46]	23	F	Lump	UL	12	NA	Neg.
Stafyla et al./2004 [47]	27	F	Mass	UL	NA	NA	NA
Abe et al./ 2004 [48]	42	F	Lump	UL	3	NN	Neg.
Adelekan et al./2003 [49]	61	F	Lump	BL	120, 0.75	NA	NA
Yano et al./2001 [50]	54	F	Mass	UL	36	NA	Neg.
Gebrim et al./2000 [51]	58	F	Nodule	UL	NA	NA	NA
Psarianos et al./1998 [52]	34	F	Mass	UL	NA	NA	NA
Shah et al./ 1998 [53]	45	F	Mass	UL	0.25	NA	Neg.
Kurosum et al./1994 [54]	42	F	Lump	UL	21	NA	NA
Morimoto et al./1993 [55]	49	F	Lump	UL	2	NA	NA
Gupta et al./1992 [56]	59	F	Mass	UL	0.5	NN	Neg.
Gupta et al./1991 [57]	49	F	Mass	UL	7	NA	Neg.
Fukud et al./1989 [58]	45	F	Lump	UL	NA	BM	NA
Yoshida et al./1985 [59]	58	F	Lump	UL	1	HTN	Neg.
Fond et al./1979 [60]	27	F	Lump	UL	NA	CAH	SDR
	59	F	NA	UL	NA	NA	NA
	39	F	NA	UL	NA	NA	NA
Konakry et a./1975 [61]	44	F	NA	UL	NA	NA	NA
	46	F	NA	UL	NA	DCIS	NA
	48	F	NA	UL	NA	NA	NA
Durso et al./1972 [62]	42	F	Lump	UL	NA	NA	NA

#### Table 2. Continued....

F: female, PMH: Past Medical History, FHx: Family History, UL: Unilateral, BL: bilateral, NA: Non-available, BM: Breast Mass, NN: Nothing Noteworthy, IDC: Invasive Ductal Carcinoma, MBBM: Multiple Bilateral Breast Mass, FBD: Fibrocystic Breast Disease, HTN: Hypertension, CAH: Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia, DCIS: Ductal Carcinoma In Situ, FDR: First-Degree Relative, SDR: Second-Degree Relative, Neg.: Negative, Pos.: Positive.

revealed distinct differences from Frisch et al.'s study [7]. for 40.8% of tumors and LCIS represented 28.4% of tumors. The incidence of IDC was higher in this review at 28.9%, compared to 11% in the prior study [7]. Additionally, rarer malignancies like acinic cell carcinoma, adenoid cystic carcinoma, and invasive apocrine carcinoma were observed, suggesting a broader spectrum of tumor types associated with fibroadenomas than traditionally recognized.

The neoplastic proliferation of epithelial cells within the breast lobule characterizes LCIS. It is considered a precursor to ILC, similar to the relationship between DCIS and IDC. LCIS is now recognized as a general marker for breast cancer risk rather than a definitive pre-cancerous condition. It has been indicated that neoplasms within fibroadenomas behave similarly and have comparable prognoses to those occurring independently [9]. DCIS, also known as intraductal carcinoma, is a neoplasm that does not invade the basement membrane. This type of breast carcinoma develops within the ductal system, particularly in the terminal lobular duct unit. Although DCIS cannot metastasize and is considered non-lethal, its presence indicates an increased risk of developing invasive cancer if left untreated [8].

The preoperative diagnosis of malignant transformation within fibroadenoma is difficult and often necessitates surgical

intervention for definitive confirmation [3]. This challenge stems from the overlap in clinical and radiological features between benign and malignant fibroadenomas, making it difficult to distinguish between the two preoperatively [4]. However, certain imaging characteristics can help identify carcinoma within fibroadenomas. Such malignancies tend to present with larger size, irregular shape, poorly defined margins, and abnormal calcifications, including linear, pleomorphic, or microcalcifications [12]. Sonographic evaluation of carcinomas within fibroadenomas typically reveals irregular lesions with indistinct borders. These tumors are often associated with marked hypoechoic shadowing, an echogenic halo, and distortion of surrounding tissue. Ultrasound is beneficial for tumor size assessment due to its high-resolution imaging capabilities. While mammography may reveal indistinct borders and microcalcifications, it is insufficient for diagnosing fibroadenomas with underlying carcinoma. Nonetheless, microcalcifications on mammography remain a valuable indicator of malignant transformation [3]. When calcifications are identified on mammography, ultrasound can be used to evaluate the invasiveness of the lesion and guide biopsy. Additionally, Doppler color imaging provides further insights into the internal vascularity of the tumor [13]. Dynamic MRI offers a reliable method for distinguishing malignant

# **Table 3.** The characteristics of the tumors.

Table 5. The character	Physical examination								Vascula	Calcificat
First Author. /Year	Surface	Consistency	Mobility	Ax LAD	Size	Location	Shape	Margin	rity	ion
Ni et al./2023 [14]	NA	NA	NM	Neg.	7.7 mm	RUA	Round	Smooth	NA	Pos.
Brunetti et al./2023 [4]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	15 mm	LLA	Oval	Well defined	NA	NA
Wang et al./2022 [5]	NA	NA	NA	NA	24 mm	LT	NA	Irregular	NA	NA
Pang et al./2022 [2]	NA	NA	NA	NA	16.7 mm	ROA	Oval	Lobulated	Moderate	Neg.
Hammood et al./2022 [3]	Smooth	Firm	NM	NA	9.5mm	RT	Oval	Well defined	NA	NA
Tagliati et al./2021 [1]	NA	NA	NA	NA	35 mm	RT	Oval	Well defined	NA	NA
Shojaku et al./2021 [6]	NA	Hard	NA	NA	11.9 mm	LT	Oval	Well defined	NA	Neg.
Fujimoto et al./2021 [11]	NA	NA	NA	Neg.	22 mm	LT	NA	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Feijó et al./2021[8]	NA	NA	NA	Neg.	30 mm	LUOQ	NA	Well defined	Neg.	Neg.
Shiino et al./2020 [12]	NA	Hard	NA	Pos.	36 mm	RLIQ	NA	Ill defined	NA	Pos.
Moreno et al./2020 [17]	NA	NA	NA	Pos.	9.8 mm	LUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gonthong et al./2020 [13]	NA	NA	NA	NA	20 mm	RT	Oval	Microlobulated	NA	Pos.
El-Essawy et al./2020 [18]	NA	NA	NA	NA	28.7 mm	LIA	NA	Irregular	Increased	Pos.
Brock et al./2020 [9]	NA	Firm	М	NA	19.8 mm	LOA	NA	NA	NA	Neg.
Marumoto et al./2019 [16]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	20.4 mm	RUOQ	NA	Irregular	NA	Neg.
Zeeshan et al./2018 [19]	NA	NA	М	NA	47.9 mm	RRA	NA	Lobulated	NA	NA
Tiwari et al./2018 [15]	Smooth	Firm	М	NA	NA	BL	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Frisch et al./2018 [7]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	39.3 mm	RLIQ	NA	Well defined	Neg.	Neg.
Lim et al./2017 [20]	NA	NA	NA	NA	64.8 mm	RUA	NA	NA	NA	NA
You et al./2016 [21]	NA	NA	NA	Neg.	6.9 mm	RUIQ	Oval	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Zheng et al./2015 [22]	NA, Smooth	NA, NA	NA, M	Neg., Neg.	24.5 mm, NA	LUA, RUIQ	NA, NA	Ill defined, well defined	NA, NA	NA, Pos.
Hua et al./2015 [23]	NA	NA	NA	NA	22.4 mm	LT	NA	Well defined	Moderate	Pos.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	27 mm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	34.5 mm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	14.5 mm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Wu et al./2014 [24]	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 mm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	9 mm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	6 mm	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Mele et al./2014 [25]	NA	NA	NA	Pos.	50 mm	LLOQ	NA	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Limite et al./2014 [26]	Smooth	Hard	М	Neg.	1.8 mm	RLA	NA	Ill defined	NA	NA
Kwon et al./2014 [27]	NA, NA	Firm, Firm	М, М	Neg., Neg.	16.9 mm, 21.9 mm	RT, LT	NA, Oval	Lobulated, Irregular	NA, NA	Pos., Pos.
Kılıç et al./2014 [28]	NA	Firm	NA	Neg.	19.9 mm	LRA	NA	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Dandin et al./2014 [29]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	11.8 mm	LUOQ	Oval	Irregular	NA	NA
Buteau et al./2014 [30]	NA	NA	NA	Pos.	17 mm	LT	Lobular	NA	NA	NA
Hayes et al./2013 [31]	NA	NA	NA	NA	35 mm	NA	Multilobulat ed	Circumscribed	NA	Pos.
Jahan et al./2012 [32]	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	39.2 mm, 36.3 mm	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA
Butler et al./2012 [33]	NA	NA	NA	NA	7.3 mm	NA	Oval	Well defined	NA	NA
Ooe et al./2011 [34]	Smooth	Firm	М	Neg.	25 mm	RUOQ	Oval	Well defined	Increased	Pos.
Lin et al./2011 [35]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	NA	RUA	Oval	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Kato et al./2011 [36]	NA	Hard	NA	NA	15 mm	RT	Irregular	NA	NA	Pos.



#### Table 3. Continued....

rubie et continueu										
Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]	NA	NA	NA	NA	50 mm	LT	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Rao et al./ 2010 [38]	NA	Firm	М	NA	28.3 mm	RUA	Oval	Smooth	NA	Pos.
Petersson et al./2010 [39]	NA	NA	NA	NA	30 mm	NA	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Tajima et al./2009 [40]	NA	NA	М	NA	16.6 mm	RUIQ	Lobular	Irregular	NA	Pos.
Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]	NA	NA	NA	Neg.	20 mm	RUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	12 mm	LT	NA	Irregular	NA	Pos.
Borecky et al./2008 [42]	NA	NA	NA	NA	40 mm	LUIQ	NA	Ill defined	NA	Pos.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	17 mm	NA	Oval	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Tiu et al./2006 [43]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	13 mm	LUOQ	NA	Well defined	Increased	NA
Shin et al./2006 [44]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	12.3 mm	RUIQ	Oval	Well defined	Pos.	Pos.
Blanco et al./2005 [45]	NA	NA	NA	NA	17.5 mm	RT	Round	Well defined	NA	Pos.
Abite et al./2005 [46]	NA	Firm	М	Neg.	34.2 mm	RUOQ	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Stafyla et al./2004 [47]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	34 mm	RUOQ	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Abe et al./ 2004 [48]	NA	Firm	NA	Neg.	47.4 mm	LUOQ	Irregular	Well defined	NA	Neg.
Adelekan et al./2003 [49]	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	35 mm, 60 mm	NA, LUIQ	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA
Yano et al./2001 [50]	Smooth	Hard	М	Neg.	18.8 mm	LUIQ	NA	Well defined	Minimal	Neg.
Gebrim et al./2000 [51]	NA	NA	М	Neg.	24.5 mm	LT	NA	Well defined	NA	Neg.
Psarianos et al./1998 [52]	NA	Firm	М	NA	29.7 mm	RUIQ	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Shah et al./ 1998 [53]	NA	Firm	М	Neg.	22.4 mm	RUIQ	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Kurosum et al./1994 [54]	NA	Rubbery	NA	Neg.	22.9 mm	RUOQ	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Morimoto et al./1993 [55]	NA	Rubbery	М	NA	24.5 mm	LUIQ	NA	Well defined	NA	NA
Gupta et al./1992 [56]	NA	Firm	NA	NA	19.4 mm	LT	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gupta et al./1991 [57]	NA	Rubbery	NA	NA	NA	LUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
Fukud et al./1989 [58]	Smooth	NA	NA	NA	39.2 mm	ROA	NA	NA	NA	Neg.
Yoshida et al./1985 [59]	Smooth	Firm	PM	Neg.	34.1 mm	LUOQ	NA	Well defined	High	Neg.
Fond et al./1979 [60]	NA	NA	М	NA	20 mm	RSA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	20 mm	RUOQ	NA	NA	NA	Pos.
	NA	NA	NA	NA	50 mm	LUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
Konakry et a./1975 [61]	NA	NA	NA	NA	20 mm	LUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	8 mm	RUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
	NA	NA	NA	NA	31.1 mm	LUOQ	NA	NA	NA	NA
Durso et al./1972 [62]	Smooth	NA	NA	NA	15 mm	RUIQ	NA	NA	NA	NA

N/A: Non-available, mm: Millimeters, Ax LAD: Axillary Lymphadenopathy, RUA: Right Upper Aspect, LLA: Left Lower Aspect, LT: Left, RT: Right, ROA: Right Outer Aspect, LUIQ: Left Upper Inner Quadrant, RLOQ: Right Lower Outer Quadrant, LUOQ: Left Upper Outer Quadrant, RLIQ: Right Lower Inner Quadrant, LIA: Left Inner Aspect, LOA: Left Outer Aspect, RUOQ: Right Upper Outer Quadrant, RRA: Right Retro-Areolar, BL: Bilateral, RLA: Right Lower Aspect, LRA: Left Retro-Areolar, LLOQ: Left Lower Outer Quadrant, LUA: Left Upper Aspect, RIA: Right Inner Aspect, RUIQ: Right Upper Inner Quadrant, RSA: Right Subareolar Area, Neg.: Negative, Pos.: Positive, NM: Non-Mobile, M: Mobile, PM: Partially mobile.

transformations from benign fibroadenomas by highlighting differences in vascularity. Benign fibroadenomas typically appear as round or oval masses with smooth margins on MRI, showing consistent enhancement into the late phase. In contrast, malignant lesions often display rapid early enhancement with variability in delayed enhancement, a hallmark of carcinoma [3]. Detecting malignant transformation can be particularly challenging, as clinical and radiological signs may remain masked until the tumor breaches the false capsule. As a result, definitive diagnosis is usually made through histopathological examination, emphasizing the importance of maintaining a high index of suspicion in these cases [3,4]. In the present study, of the 22 cases that reported tumor shape on imaging, 15 (68.2%) presented with an oval shape, while two cases (9.1%) showed an

First Author. /Year         US         MMC         MRI         C(NB or PNAC)           Ni et al./2023 [14]         Benign         Benign         Suspicious         NA           Brancti et al./2023 [5]         Benign         NA         NA         DCIS           Wang et al./2022 [5]         Benign         Benign         NA         NA         Benign           Harmmood et al./2022 [3]         Benign         NA         Suspicious         Benign         Benign         Benign         Benign         Benign         NA         NA         Suspicious         Benign         Benign         NA         NA         Suspicious         DCIS         Benign         NA         Benign         NA         Benign         NA         Benign         Suspicious         DCIS         Benign         Suspicious         Benign<			Pre-operative diagnosis		
Branetti et al./2023 [4]SuspiciousBenignN/AN/AWang et al./2022 [3]BenignN/ABenignHammood et al./2022 [3]BenignBenignBenignHammood et al./2022 [3]BenignBenignBenignStojake al./2021 [6]BenignNASuspiciousStojake al./2021 [6]BenignSuspiciousBenignStojake al./2021 [11]SuspiciousSuspiciousBenignFujimoto et al./2021 [11]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousStime et al./2020 [12]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousStime et al./2020 [12]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousComtong et al./2020 [13]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousBronket al./2020 [13]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousBronket al./2020 [13]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousBronket al./2020 [14]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/ABronket al./2020 [15]SuspiciousSuspiciousBronket al./2020 [16]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AMarmotor et al./2018 [17]BenignN/AN/AMarmotor et al./2018 [17]BenignN/AN/ATrivari et al./2018 [19]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AVon et al./2016 [21]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AWu et al./2014 [24]N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/A<	First Author. /Year	U/S	MMG	MRI	
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Tiwari et al./2018 [15]BenignN/AN/AN/AFrisch et al./2018 [7]BenignN/AN/AN/ALim et al./2017 [20]N/AN/AN/AN/AYou et al./2016 [21]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AN/AYou et al./2015 [22]Suspicious, BenignN/A, N/AN/AN/AHua et al./2015 [23]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AM/AM/AN/AN/AN/AN/AWu et al./2014 [24]N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AWu et al./2014 [25]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousLimite et al./2014 [25]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousIACN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AMule et al./2014 [25]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousIACLimite et al./2014 [26]BenignN/AN/AN/AKulp et al./2014 [27]Benign, BenignN/AN/AKulp et al./2014 [28]BenignSuspiciousBenignDCISDandin et al./2014 [29]SuspiciousN/AN/AM/AButteu et al./2014 [21]N/ASuspiciousN/AN/AJahan et al./2012 [32]BenignN/A, N/AM/AButteu et al./2014 [23]BenignSuspiciousN/AM/AButteu et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLimite et al./2012 [33]BenignSuspiciousSuspi	Zeeshan et al./2018 [19]	-	-	N/A	Benign
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You et al./2016 [21]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AN/ASuspiciousZheng et al./2015 [22]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/A, N/AN/A, N/AN/A, N/AHua et al./2015 [23]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/AN/AN/AM/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AWu et al./2014 [24]N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AWu et al./2014 [24]N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AMele et al./2014 [25]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousIACLimite et al./2014 [26]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousIACSuspiciousN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AMule et al./2014 [27]Benign, BenignSuspiciousBenignDCISDandin et al./2014 [28]BenignSuspiciousN/AN/AN/AButeu et al./2014 [30]N/ABenignBenignBenignHayes et al./2013 [31]N/ASuspiciousN/AN/AN/AButler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2010 [38]BenignBenign<		-	N/A	N/A	N/A
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Wu et al./2014 [24]N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AMele et al./2014 [25]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousIACLimite et al./2014 [26]BenignN/AN/AN/AKwon et al./2014 [27]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/ABenign, BenignKuliç et al./2014 [28]BenignSuspiciousBenignDCISDandin et al./2014 [29]SuspiciousN/AN/AN/AButeau et al./2014 [29]SuspiciousN/AN/AM/AButeau et al./2013 [31]N/ABenignBenignBenignJahan et al./2012 [32]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/AN/A, N/AButler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
N/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AN/AMele et al./2014 [25]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousIACLimite et al./2014 [26]BenignN/AN/AN/AKwon et al./2014 [27]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/ABenign, BenignKuhç et al./2014 [28]BenignSuspiciousBenignDCISDandin et al./2014 [29]SuspiciousN/AN/AN/AButeau et al./2014 [30]N/ABenignBenignBenignHayes et al./2013 [31]N/ASuspiciousN/ABenignJahan et al./2012 [32]BenignBenignN/AN/AButler et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousSuspicious		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
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Limite et al./2014 [26]BenignN/AN/AN/AKwon et al./2014 [27]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/ABenign, BenignKılıç et al./2014 [28]BenignSuspiciousBenignDCISDandin et al./2014 [29]SuspiciousN/AN/AN/AButeau et al./2014 [30]N/ABenignBenignBenignHayes et al./2013 [31]N/ASuspiciousN/ABenignJahan et al./2012 [32]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/AN/A, N/AButler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignSuspiciousDCISOoc et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AMalignantTajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousSuspicious		N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
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Buteau et al./2014 [30]N/ABenignBenignBenignHayes et al./2013 [31]N/ASuspiciousN/ABenignJahan et al./2012 [32]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/AN/A, N/AButler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/AOoe et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousSuspicious	Kılıç et al./2014 [28]	Benign	Suspicious	Benign	DCIS
Hayes et al./2013 [31]N/ASuspiciousN/ABenignJahan et al./2012 [32]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/AN/A, N/AButler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignN/AILC – LCISOoe et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant	Dandin et al./2014 [29]	Suspicious	N/A	N/A	N/A
Jahan et al./2012 [32]Benign, BenignN/A, N/AN/A, N/AN/A, N/AButler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignN/AILC – LCISOoe et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant	Buteau et al./2014 [30]	N/A	Benign	Benign	Benign
Butler et al./2012 [33]BenignBenignN/AILC – LCISOoe et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant	Hayes et al./2013 [31]	N/A	Suspicious	N/A	Benign
Ooe et al./2011 [34]SuspiciousBenignSuspiciousDCISLin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousSuspicious	Jahan et al./2012 [32]	Benign, Benign	N/A, N/A	N/A, N/A	N/A, N/A
Lin et al./2011 [35]BenignSuspiciousN/AIDC - DCISKato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant		•	•		
Kato et al./2011 [36]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousDCISAbu-Rahmeh et al./2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant		-	-	-	DCIS
Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]BenignBenignN/AIDCRao et al./ 2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant		-	-		
Rao et al./2010 [38]BenignBenignN/AMalignantPetersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant	Kato et al./2011 [36]	Suspicious	Suspicious	Suspicious	DCIS
Petersson et al./2010 [39]N/ABenignN/AN/ATajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant	Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]	Benign	Benign	N/A	IDC
Tajima et al./2009 [40]SuspiciousSuspiciousMalignant	Rao et al./ 2010 [38]	Benign	Benign	N/A	Malignant
	Petersson et al./2010 [39]	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A
Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]SuspiciousSuspiciousN/ABenign	Tajima et al./2009 [40]	Suspicious	Suspicious	Suspicious	Malignant
	Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]	Suspicious	Suspicious	N/A	Benign

# **Table 4.** Summary of radiology and biopsy findings.

	Suspicious	Suspicious	N/A	IDC - DCIS
Borecky et al./2008 [42]	Suspicious	Suspicious	N/A	IC
	Suspicious	Suspicious	N/A	IDC - DCIS
Tiu et al./2006 [43]	Benign	Benign	N/A	Malignant
Shin et al./2006 [44]	Suspicious	Suspicious	Suspicious	DCIS
Blanco et al./2005 [45]	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A
Abite et al./2005 [46]	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Stafyla et al./2004 [47]	Benign	N/A	N/A	N/A
Abe et al./ 2004 [48]	Suspicious	Benign	N/A	Benign
Adelekan et al./2003 [49]	N/A, N/A	Benign, Benign	N/A, N/A	Benign, Malignant
Yano et al./2001 [50]	Benign	Suspicious	Benign	Malignant
Gebrim et al./2000 [51]	N/A	Suspicious	N/A	Benign
Psarianos et al./1998 [52]	Benign	Benign	N/A	N/A
Shah et al./ 1998 [53]	N/A	Benign	N/A	Benign
Kurosum et al./1994 [54]	Benign	N/A	N/A	N/A
Morimoto et al./1993 [55]	N/A	N/A	N/A	Benign
Gupta et al./1992 [56]	N/A	Suspicious	N/A	Malignant
Gupta et al./1991 [57]	N/A	Benign	N/A	Malignant
Fukud et al./1989 [58]	Benign	Benign	N/A	N/A
Yoshida et al./1985 [59]	N/A	Suspicious	Suspicious	N/A
Fond et al./1979 [60]	N/A	N/A	N/A	Benign
	N/A	Suspicious	N/A	N/A
	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A
Konakry et a./1975 [61]	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A
	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A
	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A
Durso et al./1972 [62]	N/A	Benign	N/A	N/A

#### Table 4. Continued....

N/A: non-available, U/S: Ultrasound, MMG: Mammogram, MRI: Magnetic Resonance Imaging, CNB: Core Needle Biopsy, FNAC: Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, DCIS: Ductal Carcinoma In Situ, IDC: Invasive Ductal Carcinoma, CIS: Carcinoma In Situ, IAC: Invasive apocrine carcinoma, ILC: Invasive Lobular Carcinoma, LCIS: Lobular Carcinoma In Suspicious, IC: Invasive Carcinoma.

irregular shape. Tumor margins were well-defined in 32 out of margins. Among the 10 cases reporting tumor vascularity, eight (80%) showed increased or high vascularity. Calcifications were observed in 24 out of 35 cases (68.6%) that provided data on this feature.

Common clinical techniques for obtaining pathological information include FNAC, hollow CNB, and mass excision biopsy. However, due to the inherent heterogeneity of these lesions, FNAC and CNB may not always provide conclusive results to definitively exclude malignancy in benign breast lesions that carry an increased risk of cancer development. Consequently, an open biopsy is recommended as a more reliable method for accurate diagnosis [15]. If imaging studies of a fibroadenoma indicate enlargement or any abnormal changes during follow-up examinations, it is essential to perform a CNB to ensure a definitive assessment. For patients aged 40 years and older with clinically benign fibroadenomas, clinicians should engage in discussions with these patients regarding the potential necessity of a CNB. This proactive approach allows for a thorough evaluation of changes and ensures appropriate diagnostic measures are implemented [12]. The diagnosis of fibroadenoma with carcinoma in the breast is contingent upon several critical criteria. Firstly, there must be clear evidence of epithelial heterogeneous hyperplasia or carcinoma within the fibroadenoma. Secondly, the cancerous tissue should remain confined to the capsule of the fibroadenoma, with only minimal focal infiltration into the surrounding breast tissue. Thirdly, it is crucial to exclude the possibility of infiltration from adjacent breast cancer into the fibroadenoma, as the coexistence of breast cancer and fibroadenoma does not qualify as intra-fibroadenoma carcinoma. Finally, the diagnosis must be supported by the results of immunohistochemical markers. These criteria facilitate a thorough and accurate assessment of fibroadenoma with carcinoma [15]. In this systematic review, pre-operative tissue biopsy using either CNB or FNAC was available for 46 tumors. Malignant features were observed in 24 tumors (52.2%). two tumors (4.3%) exhibited suspicious features, and 20 tumors (43.5%) were classified as benign. These findings highlight the importance of pre-operative biopsy and the challenges in

Table 5. Dreast caremonia ina			Management		
First Author /Year	Breast surgery	Axillary surgery	Chemotherapy	Radiotherapy	Hormonal therapy
Ni et al./2023 [14]	WLE	SLNB	No	No	NA
Brunetti et al./2023 [4]	WLE	ALND	Yes	NA	NA
Wang et al./2022 [5]	EB	None	NA	Yes	Yes
Pang et al./2022 [2]	WLE	None	No	NA	Yes
Hammood et al./2022 [3]	WLE	None	NA	NA	Yes
Tagliati et al./2021 [1]	WLE	None	NA	No	NA
Shojaku et al./2021 [6]	WLE	SLNB	NA	Yes	NA
Fujimoto et al./2021 [11]	WLE	SLNB	Yes	Yes	NA
Feijó et al./2021[8]	WLE	None	Yes	Yes	NA
Shiino et al./2020 [12]	MX	ALND	Yes	Yes	NA
Moreno et al./2020 [17]	MX	None	NA	NA	NA
Gonthong et al./2020 [13]	MX	ALND	No	No	Yes
El-Essawy et al./2020 [18]	WLE	None	NA	NA	NA
Brock et al./2020 [9]	WLE	None	NA	NA	NA
Marumoto et al./2019 [16]	EB	None	No	Yes	Yes
Zeeshan et al./2018 [19]	WLE	None	NA	Yes	Yes
Tiwari et al./2018 [15]	WLE	None	No	No	NA
Frisch et al./2018 [7]	WLE	NA	NA	No	Yes
Lim et al./2017 [20]	WLE	None	No	No	No
You et al./2016 [21]	WLE	None	NA	NA	Yes
Zheng et al./2015 [22]	MX	ALND	Yes	NA	Yes
Hua et al./2015 [23]	MX	None	NA	NA	Yes
	WLE	SLNB	No	No	Yes
	MX	ALND	Yes	No	Yes
Wu et al./2014 [24]	WLE	NA	No	No	Yes
	WLE	SLNB	No	Yes	Yes
	WLE	SLNB	No	No	No
	MX	SLNB	No	No	Yes
Mele et al./2014 [25]	MRM	ALND	NA	NA	NA
Limite et al./2014 [26]	WLE	SLNB	No	No	NA
Kwon et al./2014 [27]	WLE	None	NA	Yes	NA
Kılıç et al./2014 [28]	WLE	None	NA	NA	NA
Dandin et al./2014 [29]	WLE	ALND	Yes	NA	NA
Buteau et al./2014 [30]	WLE	ALND	Yes	Yes	Yes
Hayes et al./2013 [31]	WLE	SLNB	NA	NA	NA
Jahan et al./2012 [32]	WLE	None	NA	NA	NA
Butler et al./2012 [33]	WLE	None	NA	NA	NA
Ooe et al./2011 [34]	WLE	SLNB	No	Yes	Yes
Lin et al./2011 [35]	MRM	None	NA	NA	NA
Kato et al./2011 [36]	WLE	SLNB	NA	NA	NA
Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Rao et al./ 2010 [38]	MRM	ALND	NA	NA	NA
Petersson et al./2010 [39]	EB	SLNB	NA	NA	NA
Tajima et al./2009 [40]	WLE	None	NA	NA	NA
Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]	RM	ALND	NA	NA	NA

# Table 5. Breast carcinoma management strategies

	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Borecky et al./2008 [42]	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
	EB	SLNB	NA	NA	NA
Tiu et al./2006 [43]	MX	None	NA	NA	NA
Shin et al./2006 [44]	MX	SLNB	NA	NA	NA
Blanco et al./2005 [45]	WLE	SLNB	NA	NA	NA
Abite et al./2005 [46]	EB	None	NA	NA	NA
Stafyla et al./2004 [47]	EB	None	No	No	NA
Abe et al./ 2004 [48]	MX	ALND	Yes	NA	Yes
Adelekan et al./2003 [49]	EB, MRM	None, ALND	Yes	Yes	Yes
Yano et al./2001 [50]	WLE	ALND	NA	Yes	NA
Gebrim et al./2000 [51]	MX	ALND	NA	NA	NA
Psarianos et al./1998 [52]	EB	None	NA	NA	NA
Shah et al./ 1998 [53]	WLE	NA	NA	NA	NA
Kurosum et al./1994 [54]	WLE	None	NA	Yes	NA
Morimoto et al./1993 [55]	WLE	None	Yes	NA	NA
Gupta et al./1992 [56]	WLE	None	NA	Yes	Yes
Gupta et al./1991 [57]	WLE	ALND	NA	Yes	NA
Fukud et al./1989 [58]	MRM	NA	NA	NA	NA
Yoshida et al./1985 [59]	RM	ALND	No	No	NA
Fond et al./1979 [60]	MRM	ALND	NA	NA	NA
	RM	NA	NA	NA	NA
	MRM	NA	NA	NA	NA
Konakry et a./1975 [61]	MRM	NA	NA	NA	NA
	MX	NA	NA	NA	NA
	MRM	NA	NA	NA	NA
Durso et al./1972 [62]	EB	None	NA	NA	NA

#### Table 5. Continued....

NA: non-available, WLE: Wide Local Excision, EB: Excisional Biopsy, RM: Radical Mastectomy, MRM: Modified Radical Mastectomy, MX: Mastectomy, ALND: Axillary Lymph Node Dissection, SLNB: Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy.

accurately identifying the presence of malignancy in fibroadenomas.

Given the rarity of malignancy arising within fibroadenomas, standardized management guidelines are not well-established, leaving uncertainty as to whether these patients should be treated similarly to breast cancer patients or with a distinct approach. For benign fibroadenomas, lumpectomy remains the treatment of choice. However, if the tumor is close to or involves the resection margin, wider local excision may be necessary to ensure complete removal. Factors such as large tumor size, multifocality, and central breast location may also necessitate consideration of mastectomy [3,4,16]. If surgical margins are free of cancer, lumpectomy alone is often sufficient. The overall management strategy is dictated by the stage of the disease and the degree of metastasis, whether localized or distant. Conservative management, such as lumpectomy or wide local excision, is usually appropriate for small tumors. In cases of local metastasis, especially involving the axillary lymph nodes, axillary lymph node dissection is typically performed to ensure proper treatment [3]. Surgical intervention remains the definitive treatment and may be combined with radiotherapy or chemotherapy depending on individual case specifics [16]. In the current study, the most common procedure was wide local

excision (50.7%), followed by mastectomy (32.9%). Excisional biopsy was performed in 12.3% of the cases. Axillary lymph node dissection was performed in 17 cases (23.3%), while sentinel lymph node biopsy was carried out in 15 cases (20.6%). Twenty-nine cases (39.7%) did not undergo axillary surgery. This variation in axillary management highlights the individualized approach to surgical treatment based on tumor characteristics, lymph node involvement, and disease progression.

The use of radiotherapy remains a topic of debate, with chemotherapy being the preferred treatment option in cases involving nodal metastasis. Some authors suggested that breast cancer arising within a fibroadenoma exhibits similar behavior to breast cancer at the same stage. Consequently, the treatment approach should align with standard breast cancer protocols, following similar therapeutic modalities [4,5,11,17]. The positive impact of radiation therapy on both survival rates and recurrence prevention when combined with lumpectomy has been reported. This approach is regarded as the standard of care for breast-conserving therapy in cases of DCIS and breast cancer. However, radiation therapy is not without drawbacks. It carries inherent risks, financial costs, and potential negative effects on patients' quality of life. Notably, long-term

Table 6. Clinical outcomes o	t the disease.					
First Author /Year	Post- operative HPE	Immunohistochemistry (ER-PR-HER2)	Axillary status	FU (months)	Recurrence	Metastasis
Ni et al./2023 [14]	DCIS	ER - PR	Neg.	NA	NA	No
Brunetti et al./2023 [4]	IDC	TN	Pos.	NA	NA	Yes
Wang et al./2022 [5]	ILC - LCIS	ER - PR	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pang et al./2022 [2]	LCIS	NA	NA	4	No	No
Hammood et al./2022 [3]	DCIS	NA	NA	NA	No	No
Tagliati et al./2021 [1]	DCIS	ER - PR	NA	60	No	No
Shojaku et al./2021 [6]	DCIS	ER	NA	24	No	No
Fujimoto et al./2021 [11]	IDC	HER2	Neg.	6	No	No
Feijó et al./2021[8]	DCIS	ER - PR	NA	48	No	No
Shiino et al./2020 [12]	IDC	TN	Neg.	30	No	No
Moreno et al./2020 [17]	LCIS	NA	NA	120	No	No
Gonthong et al./2020 [13]	DCIS	TN	Neg.	12	No	No
El-Essawy et al./2020 [18]	NA	TN	NA	NA	NA	NA
Brock et al./2020 [9]	LCIS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Marumoto et al./2019 [16]	DCIS	ER	NA	12	No	No
Zeeshan et al./2018 [19]	DCIS	ER – PR	NA	NA	NA	No
Tiwari et al./2018 [15]	DCIS	NA	NA	12	No	No
Frisch et al./2018 [7]	DCIS	ER	NA	NA	NA	No
Lim et al./2017 [20]	CA	TN	NA	21	No	No
You et al./2016 [21]	DCIS	ER – PR	NA	52	No	No
Zheng et al./2015 [22]	ILC, IDC	HER2, ER-PR-HER2	Neg., Neg.	3	No	No
Hua et al./2015 [23]	LCIS	ER – PR	NA	60	No	No
	IDC	ER - PR	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
	IDC	ER - PR	Pos.	NA	NA	NA
Wu et al./2014 [24]	DCIS	ER – PR	NA	NA	NA	NA
	DCIS	ER – PR	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
	DCIS	NA	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
	IDC	ER - PR	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
Mele et al./2014 [25]	IAC	HER2	Pos.	NA	NA	NA
Limite et al./2014 [26]	ACC (Ac)	TN	Neg.	8	No	No
Kwon et al./2014 [27]	DCIS, DCIS	ER – PR, ER - PR	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA	NA
Kılıç et al./2014 [28]	DCIS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Dandin et al./2014 [29]	IDC - ILC - DCIS	PR - HER2	Neg.	6	No	No
Buteau et al./2014 [30]	ILC	NA	Pos.	NA	No	No
Hayes et al./2013 [31]	ILC	ER	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
Jahan et al./2012 [32]	IDC, IDC	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA, NA	NA	NA
Butler et al./2012 [33]	ILC - LCIS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Ooe et al./2011 [34]	DCIS	ER - PR	Neg.	6	No	No
Lin et al./2011 [35]	IDC - DCIS	ER - PR	NA	24	No	No
Kato et al./2011 [36]	DCIS	NA	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
Abu-Rahmeh et al./ 2012 [37]	IDC	NA	NA	NA	NA	Yes
Rao et al./ 2010 [38]	IDC	TN	Pos.	NA	NA	NA
Petersson et al./2010 [39]	IDC - DCIS	$\mathbf{ER} - \mathbf{PR}$	Neg.	24	No	No
Tajima et al./2009 [40]	ILC - LCIS	ER	NA	NA	NA	NA
Gashi-Luci et al./2009 [41]	IDC - DCIS	HER2	Neg.	5	Yes	NA

# Table 6. Clinical outcomes of the disease.

	IDC - DCIS	$\mathbf{ER} - \mathbf{PR}$	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
Borecky et al./2008 [42]	IDC	NA	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
	IDC - DCIS	NA	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
Tiu et al./2006 [43]	DCIS	NA	NA	18	No	No
Shin et al./2006 [44]	IDC - DCIS	$\mathbf{ER} - \mathbf{PR}$	Neg.	16	No	No
Blanco et al./2005 [45]	ACC (Ad)	TN	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
Abite et al./2005 [46]	IDC	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Stafyla et al./2004 [47]	LCIS	NA	NA	24	No	No
Abe et al./ 2004 [48]	IDC	PR	Pos.	59	No	No
Adelekan et al./2003 [49]	IC, LCIS - DCIS	NA, NA	NA, Pos.	NA, NA	NA	No
Yano et al./2001 [50]	LCIS	NA	Neg.	24	No	No
Gebrim et al./2000 [51]	ILC	NA	Neg.	NA	No	No
Psarianos et al./1998 [52]	DCIS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Shah et al./ 1998 [53]	LCIS	NA	NA	25	No	No
Kurosum et al./1994 [54]	IDC	NA	NA	NA	NA	No
Morimoto et al./1993 [55]	LCIS	NA	NA	132	No	No
Gupta et al./1992 [56]	DCIS	NA	NA	9	No	No
Gupta et al./1991 [57]	CA	NA	Neg.	10	No	No
Fukud et al./1989 [58]	LCIS	NA	NA	NA	No	No
Yoshida et al./1985 [59]	ILC	ER	Neg.	32	No	No
Fond et al./1979 [60]	DCIS	NA	Neg.	NA	NA	NA
	LCIS	NA	Neg.	60	No	No
	LCIS	NA	Neg.	36	No	No
Konakry et a./1975 [61]	LCIS	NA	Neg.	36	No	No
	LCIS	NA	Neg.	24	No	No
	LCIS	NA	Neg.	NA	No	No
Durso et al./1972 [62]	LCIS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

#### Table 6. Continued....

NA: non-available, DCIS: Ductal Carcinoma In Situ, IDC: Invasive Ductal Carcinoma, CIS: Carcinoma In Situ, IAC: Invasive apocrine LCIS - DCIScarcinoma, ILC: Invasive Lobular Carcinoma, LCIS: Lobular Carcinoma In Suspicious, , ACC (ac): Acinic Cell Carcinoma, ACC (Ad): Adenoid Cystic Carcinoma, IC: Invasive Carcinoma, CA: Carcinoma, ER: Estrogen Receptor, PR: Progesterone Receptor, HER2: Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2, TN: Triple Negative, HPE: Histopathological Examination, Pos.: positive, Neg.: negative, FU: Follow-up.

complications such as lung cancer and heart disease have been associated with breast cancer radiation therapy, particularly in patients who have a history of smoking [17]. Ni et al. stated that DCIS within a fibroadenoma is a heterogeneous condition with significant variability in local recurrence risks among patients. Consequently, the overall benefits of postoperative radiation therapy differ based on individual patient risk profiles. Low-risk patients who undergo breast-conserving surgery (BCS) without subsequent radiotherapy experience limited advantages from radiation. In contrast, high-risk patients show a greater benefit from the addition of radiotherapy. For instance, it has been revealed that patients treated with BCS alone had 8-year recurrence rates of 0%, 21.5%, and 32.1% for low-, intermediate-, and high-risk groups, respectively. This highlights the need for personalized treatment approaches based on risk stratification [15]. The current National Comprehensive Cancer Network (NCCN) guidelines recommend ER testing for patients with DCIS and advise considering tamoxifen for

women with ER-positive disease, particularly those who undergo BCS without radiation. The goal is to optimize treatment outcomes and minimize the chances of cancer recurrence [7]. In this study, the data on chemotherapy was available for only 26 cases, of which 11 (42.3%) underwent chemotherapy as part of their treatment regimen. Additionally, among 30 cases with information on radiation therapy, 16 cases (53.3%) received the treatment regimen. Furthermore, 22 cases addressed hormonal therapy, and 20 (90.9%) indicated it was utilized in the treatment protocols.

Some scholars indicated that breast cancer developing within a fibroadenoma is generally associated with a more favorable prognosis compared to conventional breast cancer. This is primarily attributed to the higher incidence of hormone receptor (HR)-positive tumors in this subset, along with the frequent presentation of CIS and early-stage disease at diagnosis [12]. However, the prevalence of hormone receptor positivity in these

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studies.	
Variables	Frequency/ percentages
Study design	
Case report	58 (95.0%)
Case series	3 (5.0 %)
Country	
Japan	12 (19.7%)
USA	9 (14.7%)
Korea	4 (6.6%)
Brazil	3 (4.9%)
China	3 (4.9%)
Italy	3 (4.9%)
Taiwan	3 (4.9%)
Australia	2 (3.3%)
India	2 (3.3%)
New Zealand	2 (3.3%)
Singapore	2 (3.3%)
Turkey	2 (3.3%)
Others	14 (22.9%)
Age range (mean ± SD)	$18-80 (44.4 \pm 13.6)$
Gender	
Female	72 (100%)
Presentation	
Lump	31 (43.1%)
Mass	22 (30.5%)
Incidental	3 (4.1%)
Nodule	2 (2.8%)
Nipple discharge	1 (1.4%)
N/A	13 (18.1%)
Duration of	
presentation, median (Q1 - Q3), months	12 (2-60)
Laterality	
Unilateral	58 (80.6%)
Bilateral	6 (8.3%)
N/A	8 (11.1%)
Tumor location	
Right	32 (42.1%)
Left	30 (39.5%)
Bilateral	1 (1.3%)
N/A	13 (17.1%)
Tumor size (mean ± SD), mm	$24.7 \pm 13.3$
РМН	
Nothing noteworthy	20 (27.8%)
Breast mass	4 (5.5%)
Hypertension	1 (1.4%)
CAH	1 (1.4%)
DCIS	1 (1.4%)
Fibrocystic breast	1 (1.4%)
disease	1 (1.7/0)

# **Table 7.** Baseline characteristics summary of the included studies.

Table 7. Continued		
IDC	1 (1.4%)	
N/A	43 (59.7%)	
Family history of breast cancer		
Positive	4 (5.5%)	
Negative	31 (43.1%)	
N/A	37 (51.4%)	
Surface of the mass		
Smooth	9 (11.8%)	
N/A	67 (88.2%)	
Consistency of the mass		
Firm	14 (18.4%)	
Hard	5 (6.6%)	
Rubbery	3 (3.9%)	
N/A	54 (71.1%)	
Mobility of the mass	51 (11176)	
Mobile	25 (32.9%)	
Non-mobile	2 (2.6%)	
Partially fixed	1 (1.3%)	
N/A	48 (63.2%)	
Axillary Lymphadenopathy		
Negative	27 (35.5%)	
Positive	4 (5.3%)	
N/A	45 (59.2%)	
Radiological findings		
Ultrasonography		
Benign	28 (36.8%)	
Suspicious	20 (26.3%)	
N/A	28 (36.8%)	
Mammography		
Benign	27 (35.5%)	
Suspicious	23 (30.3%)	
N/A	26 (34.2%)	
Magnetic resonance imaging		
Suspicious	12 (15.8%)	
Benign	5 (6.6%)	
N/A	59 (77.6%)	
Shape of the mass		
Oval	15 (19.7%)	
Irregular	2 (2.6%)	
Lobular	2 (2.6%)	
Round	2 (2.6%)	
Multilobulated	1 (1.3%)	
N/A	54 (71.1%)	
Margin of the mass		
Well defined	32 (42.1%)	
Irregular	7 (9.2%)	
Ill-defined	4 (5.3%)	

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#### Table 7. Continued....

Tuble 7. Continued	
Lobulated	3 (4%)
Smooth	2 (2.6%)
Microlobulated	1 (1.3%)
Circumscribed	1 (1.3%)
N/A	26 (34.2%)
Vascularity of the mass	
Yes	8 (10.5%)
No	2 (2.6%)
N/A	66 (86.8%)
Calcification	
Positive	24 (31.6%)
Negative	11 (14.5%)
N/A	41 (53.9%)
Cytology (CNB or FNAC)	
Benign	20 (26.3%)
Malignant (non- specified)	8 (10.5%)
DCIS	7 (9.2%)
IDC	3 (4%)
IDC – DCIS	3 (4%)
Suspicious	2 (2.6%)
IC	1 (1.3%)
ILC – LCIS	1 (1.3%)
Invasive apocrine	1 (1.3%)
carcinoma	20 (20 59/)
N/A Broast surgery	30 (39.5%)
Breast surgery Wide local excision	27 (50 7%)
	37 (50.7%) 24 (32.9%)
Mastectomy Excisional biopsy	9 (12.3%)
N/A	3 (4.1%)
Axillary surgery	5 (4.170)
ALND	17 (23.3%)
SLNB	15 (20.6%)
None	29 (39.7%)
N/A	12 (16.4%)
Chemotherapy	12 (101170)
Yes	11 (15.3%)
No	15 (20.8%)
NA	46 (63.9%)
Radiation therapy	
Yes	16 (22.2%)
No	14 (19.4%)
NA	42 (58.3%)
Hormonal therapy	()
Yes	20 (27.8%)
No	2 (2.8%)
NA	50 (69.4%)
Post-operative HPE	(··· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Table 7. Continued		
DCIS	23 (30.3%)	
LCIS	15 (19.7%)	
IDC	15 (19.7%)	
IDC - DCIS	6 (7.9%)	
ILC	5 (6.6%)	
ILC - LCIS	3 (4%)	
Carcinoma (non- specified)	3 (4%)	
Acinic cell carcinoma	1 (1.3%)	
Adenoid cystic carcinoma	1 (1.3%)	
IDC - ILC - DCIS	1 (1.3%)	
Invasive apocrine carcinoma	1 (1.3%)	
LCIS – DCIS	1 (1.3%)	
N/A	1 (1.3%)	
Immunohistochemistry		
ER – PR	19 (25%)	
Triple-negative	8 (10.5%)	
ER	6 (7.9%)	
HER2	4 (5.3%)	
ER - PR - HER2	1 (1.3%)	
PR - HER2	1 (1.3%)	
PR	1 (1.3%)	
N/A	36 (47.4%)	
Axillary status		
Positive	7 (9.2%)	
Negative	32 (42.1%)	
N/A	37 (48.7%)	
Follow-up, median (Q1-Q3), months	24 (10-36)	
Recurrence		
No	38 (52.8%)	
Yes	1 (1.4%)	
N/A	33 (45.8%)	
Metastasis		
No	43 (59.7%)	
Yes	2 (2.8%)	
N/A	27 (37.5%)	

SD: Standard Deviation, N/A: non-available, CAH: Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia, DCIS: Ductal Carcinoma In Situ, IDC: Invasive Ductal Carcinoma, CNB: Core Needle Biopsy, FNAC: Fine Needle Aspiration Cytology, CIS: Carcinoma In Situ, IC: Invasive Carcinoma, ILC: Invasive Lobular Carcinoma, LCIS: Lobular Carcinoma In Situ, ALND: Axillary Lymph Node Dissection, SLNB: Sentinel Lymph Node Biopsy, HPE: Histopathological Examination, ER: Estrogen Receptor, PR: Progesterone Receptor, HER2: Human Epidermal Growth Factor Receptor 2, Q1:first quartile, Q3: third quartile, PMH: past medical history. cases may not significantly differ from that seen in typical breast cancer. ER positivity has been reported at 68.8%, and PR positivity at 62.5%, figures closely aligned with those observed in conventional breast cancer [11]. Despite these favorable characteristics, it has been indicated that approximately 10% of patients diagnosed with CIS within a fibroadenoma experience recurrence or metastasis, emphasizing the need for continued surveillance and individualized treatment strategies, even in cases with seemingly better prognostic indicators [3]. In this systematic review, among the 40 tumors with available hormone receptor status, six (15%) were HR-positive. The ER was positive in 26 tumors (65%), and PR was positive in 22 tumors (55%). The median follow-up duration was 24 months, during which one case (1.4%) reported recurrence, and two cases (2.8%) experienced metastasis. The primary limitation of this study is the lack of data on several variables in the reviewed studies, which may impact the generalizability of the findings.

# 5. Conclusion

Although rare, carcinomas arising within fibroadenomas may present considerable challenges in preoperative diagnosis, whether through imaging or cytology. Therefore, clinicians may find it necessary to approach fibroadenomas with increased caution.

#### Declarations

**Conflicts of interest:** The author(s) have no conflicts of interest to disclose.

**Ethical approval:** Not applicable, as systematic reviews do not require ethical approval.

Patient consent (participation and publication): Not applicable.

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**Use of AI:** AI was not used in the drafting of the manuscript, the production of graphical elements, or the collection and analysis of data.

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